

Holset HX30/32/35/40 **Service Repair Manual**

WARNING

- Turbochargers can be hazardous when not used as specified by the manufacturer. To prevent E damage and personal injury:
- Always use the turbocharger part number specified by the engine manufacturer.
- Use only in applications approved by the engine manufacturer.
- Do not touch before checking surface temperatures. Do not work on a running turbocharger or engine.
- Do not modify the turbocharger in any way. Disassemble and re-assemble using the engine
- manufacturer's instructions.
- Use only approved spare parts. For advice on the safe use of turbochargers contact www.holset.com

Foreword

This publication was written to assist with installation, maintenance and overhaul of the Holset HX30/32/35/40 range of turbochargers. It is not a warranty of any kind expressed or implied.

The specifications and procedures in this manual are based on information in effect at the time of publication. Holset Service reserves the right to make any changes at any time without obligation. If differences are found between your turbocharger and the information in this manual, contact your local Holset approved agent.

The latest technology and the highest quality standards are used in the manufacture of Holset Turbochargers. When replacement parts are needed, we recommend using only genuine Holset parts.

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About the Manual

The procedures in this manual were developed to instruct in the correct overhaul of the Holset HX30/32/35/40 turbocharger for optimum performance and minimum maintenance operation.

How to Use the Manual

The manual is split into sections designed to provide service information in a logical sequence. The manual contains links to help the user navigate between relevant sections. Users who are unfamilier with navigating in PDF documents are referred to Navigating in PDF documents in the **Adobe® Acrobat® Reader™** help file.



Contents is an interactive page with links to all the sections. It can be accessed from any page in the manual by clicking this icon.

Section 1 defines the layout of the manual, introduces the reader to the operation of the turbocharger and presents important installation guidelines.

Sections 2, 3 and 4 concentrate on Turbocharger Component Identification, Troubleshooting and Diagnosis, Component Testing and Replacement.

Section 5 identifies the Service and Overhaul procedures to be followed in the unlikley event of a major turbocharger malfunction.

Section 6 quantifies build data to ensure the turbocharger will continue to operate to Holset Service standard on completion of overhaul.

Manual sections 1 to 5 where applicable, appear as a **self extracting** compressed file which is organised according to the steps needed to most easily and correctly maintain the operation of the turbocharger. Users are required to download this file to hard disk. Section 6 has its own file identity and resides at www.holset.co.uk. so that Holset can update the Service Data as changes occur. The links between manual and service data are active only when the user is connected to the Internet.

Chapter 6 has an expiry date to encourage users to discard outdated saved or printed versions and always access the latest information available at www.holset.co.uk.



When using the manual on-line this icon will link to Holset's website to help find your nearest agent for advice and how to order Holset original parts.

How to Order Holset Original Parts

To make sure of optimum performance, certain items must be discarded during disassembly and replaced with new for re-assembly. These items are indicated in the Service and Overhaul section with the use of a * symbol. All items showing a * are available in a basic overhaul kit.

To get the correct parts for your turbocharger, refer to the 'component identification' section of this manual to help you find the following information:

- 1) Refer to the exploded view and component list to define the major components to be replaced.
- 2) Refer to the turbocharger's dataplate which will be found on the compressor housing or wastegate actuator to define the identifying information about your turbocharger build standard.
- 3) Contact your local Holset agent with componant identification nos. and dataplate assembly no., serial no. and turbocharger type.
- 4) With this information, your local agent can provide you with the optimum kit of parts for re-assembling your turbocharger for continued long life operation.

Description and Operation of Turbocharger

General Information

A turbocharger is a mechanical device which uses the engine's exhaust gases to force more air into the engine cylinders. Hot exhaust gas energy is used to turn a turbine wheel and shaft. At the other end of the shaft is the compressor impeller (or compressor wheel), which draws in air and forces it into the engine cylinders.

Supplying increased air mass flow to the engine provides improved engine performance, lower exhaust smoke density, improved operating economy and altitude compensation. The turbocharger has proven to be one of the most beneficial devices for improving engine performance. It performs its job very well, as long as it is properly cared for.

Introduction to Turbocharger Matching

The need for optimised matching over the engine speed range

A standard turbocharger can be perfectly matched to only one particular engine condition, eg maximum torque speed or maximum load speed. At this engine speed, the turbocharger supplies the optimum mass of air to give the required air/fuel ratio. At other speeds the air/fuel ratio cannot be held at the optimum hence fuel consumption and emission levels worsen.

Engine emission legislations have forced manufacturers to improve their engine efficiencies, particularly at low speeds where low air/fuel ratios cause high smoke levels.

The Holset turbocharger is carefully matched to meet the required engine characteristics during application engineering. It is important that this match is maintained by using only Holset original turbine and compressor parts.

The importance of correctly servicing the turbocharger

A turbocharger requires accurate assembly at point of manufacture. It is very important to adhere to setting limits when servicing the turbocharger, as failure to do so could result in turbocharger or engine failure.

Effects of wrong match

Possible consequences if turbocharger boost pressure is too low:-

- Engine runs fuel rich
- Exhaust temperature increase
- Hydrocarbon levels increase
- High cylinder temperature risks damage to engine pistons

- Fuel consumption increase
- Smoke levels increase
- Risks of failing emissions tests

Possible consequences if turbocharger boost pressure is too high:-

- Engine runs fuel weak (lean)
- Excessive boost overspeeds
 turbocharger
- Increased cylinder pressure risks damage to engine head gasket, pistons and valves
- Nitrous oxide levels increase
- Turbocharger bearing failure and wheel fatigue problems
- Intercooler load increases causing engine to overheat, risking piston damage

Notes, Cautions and Warnings

Notes, Cautions and Warnings are used in this manual to emphasise important or critical instructions.

Note

Information which is essential to highlight.

Caution Z

Maintanence or Service procedures which if not strictly followed, will result in damage or destruction of the turbocharger.

Warning

Maintanence or Service procedures which if not correctly followed will result in personal injury or loss of life.

Note

Holset turbochargers can be remanufactured using recovered parts. Where it is necessary to dispose of components or whole turbochargers, an environmentally responsible process such as recycling should be used, with due regard to local laws.

Note

Holset Service receives many turbocharger returns that are no fault found. Before assuming the turbocharger is not performing to specification always refer to the engine diagnostic system and the troubleshooting diagnostic procedures of this manual.

Warning

Turbocharger surface temperature during operation can achieve 700°C (1300°F). The HX30/32/35/40 range of turbochargers weighs up to 11 kg (24.3 lb) and is fitted with external parts that are sensitive to manual handling.

Caution /

This turbocharger may have been manufactured using the 'core balance' process and therefore MUST be check balanced on rebuild.

A core balanced turbocharger will not have any co-relation marks. If you intend to overhaul/repair a core balanced turbocharger, and do not have access to a core balancing machine, we recommend that you make your own rotor co-relation marks during disassembly so that these parts can be reassembled in the same relative positions.

Balance limits for turbocharger rebuild are shown on Holset's Service Data Sheet.

It is important to note that operating a turbocharger with a rotor or core balance level greater than the published limits could cause turbocharger or engine failure. If you are in any doubt regarding the balancing process, please contact an approved Holset agent for assistance.

Warning

Some parts are manufactured in Viton that requires special treatment during repair and service after fire.

Installation Data

- 1. Holset Service receives many turbocharger returns that are no fault found. Before assuming the turbocharger is not performing to specification always refer to the engine diagnostic system and the fault finding chart of this manual to make all the recommended health checks.
- 2. It is important that intake and exhaust systems are fitted in accordance with the recommendations of the Equipment and Engine manufacturers. Limiting mass inertia loading is critical to turbocharger wholelife operation. Maximum engine vibration input must not exceed 10g.
- 3. The air filter must remove particles greater than 5µm at an efficiency of 95% and be of sufficient capacity to match the air consumption of the engine. Recommended filters should always be used with a pressure drop indicator. Intake systems must be capable of withstanding depressions up to 6.9 kPa (1.0 lbf/in²).
- 4. Hose and clip connections of intake manifold systems must be capable of withstanding the turbocharger pressure ratio. V band clamps are preferred and must be used above 3:1 pressure ratio.
- Exhaust systems must be capable of operating at exhaust back pressures of up to 10 kPa (1.5 lbf/in²). This limit is increased to 13.4 kPa (2.0 lbf/in²) if a catalytic converter is fitted. Exhaust brake applications are permitted to impose 450 kPa (65.3 lbf/in²) back pressure.
- Oil should be filtered to 10µm with efficiency of 60% TWA (Time Weighted Average) /20 µm with efficiency of 85% TWA. Efficiency assessed using ISO Standard 4572/SAE J 1858.
- The oil quality must be as specified by the engine manufacturer and will be a minimum API SE CD (MIL - L - 2104C) specification. Improved life can be obtained by using super high performance diesel (SHPD) oils, particularly in industrial applications which use extended oil drain periods.
- 8. Normal oil temperature is 95+/-5°C (203+/-9° F). It should not exceed 120°C (248°F) under any operating condition.
- 9. Any pre-lube oil must be clean and meet the minimum CD classification.
- 10. The orientation of turbine housing, bearing housing and compressor cover is fixed according to application. During installation, do not attempt to rotate these components. Inclined turbocharger installation is not recommended. If an installed angle is necessary, oil inlet centreline must be +/- 10 degrees from vertical and rotor centreline +/- 5 degrees from horizontal.
- 11. Holset permits oil return pipes to decline at an overall angle of not less than 30 degrees below horizontal. All turbocharger applications require a pipe of internal diameter greater than 19 mm which has integrated connectors. To ensure oil returns into the engine under all operating conditions, the return connection into the engine sump must not be submerged and the outlet flange of the turbocharger must be 50 mm above the maximum oil level of the engine sump pan. Crankcase pressure should be limited ideally to 0.8 kPa (0.12 lbf/in²) but 1.4 kPa (0.20 lbf/in²) can be accepted by reference to Holset.
- 12. Oil pressure of 150 kPa (20 lbf/in²) must show at the oil inlet within 3 4 seconds of engine firing to prevent damage to turbocharger bearing system. A flexible supply pipe is recommended.
- 13. The minimum oil pressure when the engine is on load must be 210 kPa (30 lbf/in²). Maximum permissible operating pressure is 500 kPa (72 lbf/in²) although 600 kPa (88 lbf/in²) is permitted during cold start up. Under idling conditions pressure should not fall below 70 kPa (10 lbf/in²).
- 14. Recommended oil flows for the turbochargers are 2 litre/min at idle and 3 litre/min above maximum torque speed.
- 15. Do not use liquid gasket substances or thread sealant as any excess can enter the turbocharger oil system to obstruct flow.
- 16. Recommended coolant flows for the turbochargers are 2 litre/min at idle and 7 10 litre/min above maximum torque speed.

Note:

100 kPa = 1 bar (14.5037 lbf/in²=psi).

Installation Checklist

- 1. Always understand why the original turbocharger needs replacing before fitting another unit.
- 2. Check the turbocharger dataplate to ensure the Part No. is correct for the engine/application.
- 3. Check the engine exhaust, intake and aftercooler systems are clean and without obstruction i.e. free from oil, gasket pieces, dust/dirt/carbon or foreign objects.
- 4. Replace the oil and air filters using replacement parts specified by the equipment manufacturer.
- 5. Change the engine oil using the type specified by the engine manufacturer.
- 6. Check that the turbocharger oil inlet and drain pipes and connectors are clean, free from obstruction and will not leak under pressure.
- 7. Check that the coolant pipes of water cooled bearing housing applications and connectors are clean, free from obstruction and will not leak under pressure.
- 8. To pre-lube the turbocharger bearings, pour some clean engine oil into the oil inlet and rotate the turbocharger rotor assembly by hand.
- 9. Check that the exhaust manifold flange is flat and undamaged. Mount the turbocharger on the flange and check that the turbine inlet gasket fits properly without obstructing the gas passages.
- 10. Assemble the air intake and boost outlet connections. Check that the connections are well made and will not leak in use.
- 11. Check the exhaust system is fitted using the original mounting arrangement provided by the equipment manufacturer. Always re-fit any supports/brackets back in position to ensure the system is correctly supported.
- 12. Assemble the exhaust system to the turbine housing outlet. Check that the gasket/connection is well made and will not leak in use.
- 13. Assemble any coolant pipes and check that the connections are well made, without obstruction and will not leak in use.
- 14. Assemble the turbocharger oil inlet pipe and check that the connection is clean, well made and will not leak in use.
- 15. Check all clamps and fasteners are correctly tightened to the torque recommended by the equipment manufacturer.
- 16. Connect the air pipe from the compressor housing/inlet manifold to the wastegate actuator ensuring the pipe bore is clean and dry before fitment.
- 17. Make any ECU checks recommended by the engine manufacturer.
- 18. Crank the engine WITHOUT firing until engine oil flows out of the turbocharger drain flange.
- 19. Assemble the oil drain pipe and check that the connection is well made, without obstruction and will not leak in use.
- 20. Start the engine and run at idle speed for approximately 1 minute so that the oil supply system is fully operational.
- 21. Accelerate the engine and check that there are no leaks/obstructions of air/oil/coolant/gas under pressure.
- 22. Check that no hose or connection deforms under normal operation.
- 23. Before switching off the engine, leave it running at idle speed for at least 1 minute to cool the turbine.

Symbols

Symbole - Deutsch

In diesem Handbuch werden die folgenden Symbole verwendet, die wesentliche Funktionen hervorheben. Die Symbole haben folgende Bedeutung:



WARNUNG - Unterhaltungs und Wartungsverfahren müssen genau befolgt werden, da ein Nichtbeachten zu Personenschäden oder tödlichen Verletzungen führt.

ACHTUNG - Falls Unterhaltungs und Wartungsverfahren nicht genau beachtet werden, kann der Turbolader dadurch beschädigt oder zerstört werden.

AUSBAU bzw. ZERLEGEN.

EINBAU bzw. ZUSAMMENBAU.



P

INSRPEKTION erforderlich.

Teil oder Baugruppe **REINIGEN**.

DIMENSION - oder ZEITMESSUNG.

Teil oder Baugruppe ÖLEN.

WERKZEUGGRÖSSE wird angegeben.

ANZUG auf vorgeschriebenes Drehmoment erforderlich.

Sicherstellen, daß die AUSWUCHTMARKEN an der Rotor-Baugruppe richtig ausgerichtet sind.

Elektrische MESSUNG DURCHFÜRHREN.

Weitere Informationen an anderer Stelle bzw. in anderen Handbüchern.



Schutzkleidung muß immer getragen werden.



Deutet an, daß Teile schwer sein können.

Website-Verzeichnis mit Ihrem nächsten Holset-Händler.

Gehe zu Inhalt

Symbols - English

The following group of symbols have been used in this manual to help communicate the intent of the instructions. When one of the symbols appears, it conveys the meaning defined below.



WARNING - Serious personal injury or extensive property damage can result if the warning instructions are not followed.

CAUTION - Minor personal injury can result or a part, an assembly or the engine can be damaged if the caution instructions are not followed.

Indicates a **REMOVAL or DISASSEMBLY** step.

Indicates an INSTALLATION or ASSEMBLY step.



P

INSPECTION is required.

CLEAN the part or assembly.

PERFORM a mechanical or time **MEASUREMENT**.

LUBRICATE the part or assembly.

Indicates that a WRENCH or TOOL SIZE will be given.

TIGHTEN to a specific torque.

Ensure that the BALANCE MARKS on the rotor assembly are in alignment

PERFORM an electrical MEASUREMENT.

Refer to another location in this manual or another publication for additional information.



Please wear protective clothing at all times.



Indicates components may be heavy.

Website access to find your nearest Holset Agent.

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Simbolos - Español

Los simbolos siguientes son usados en estes manual para clarificar el proceso de las instrucciones. Cuado aparece uno de estos simbolos, su significado se espcifica en la parte inferior.



ADVERTENCIA – Procedimientos de Mantenimiento o Servicio que al no seguirse resultarán en daños personales o pérdida de vida.

ATENCION – Procedimientos de Mantenimiento o Servicio que al no seguirse al pie de la letra, resultarán en el daño o la destrucción del turbosobrealimentador.

Indica un paso de **REMOCION o DESMONTAJE**.

Indica un paso de INSTALACION o MONTAJE.



Se requiere INSPECCION.

LIMPIESE la pieza o el montaje.

Ejecutese una MEDICION mec-nica o del tiempo.

LUBRIQUESE la pieza o el montaje.

Indica que se dar· una LLAVE DE TUERCAS o el TAMA-O DE HERRAMIENTA.

APRIETESE hasta un par torsor especifico.

ΔĪΔ

Ceriórese de que est-n alineadas las marcas de balance en el rotor.



EJECUTESE una MEDICION eléctrica.

Para información adicional refiérase a otro emplazamiento de este manual o a otra publicación anterior.

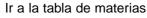
Favor de siempre llevar ropa protectora.



Indica que los componentes pueden ser pesados.



Acceso a Sitio Web para localizar su agente Holset más cercano.



Symboles - Français

Les symboles suivants sont utilisés dans ce manuel pour aider à communiquer le but des instructions. Quand l'un de ces symboles apparait, il évoque le sens défini ci-dessous:

ATTENTION DANGER - Procédures de maintenance ou d'entretien qui, si elles ne pas observées correctement, auront pour résultat des lésions corporelles ou un décès.

MISE EN GARDE - Procédures de maintenance ou d'entretien qui, si elles ne sont pas observées strictement, auront pour résultat de causer des dégâts au turbocompresseur ou de conduire à sa destruction.

Indique une opération de DEPOSE.

Indique une opération de MONTAGE.



L'INSPECTION est nécessaire.

NETTOYER la pièce ou l'ensemble.

EFFECTUER une MESURE mécanique ou de temps.

GRAISSER la pièce ou l'ensemble.

Indique qu'une DIMENSION DE CLE ou D'OUTIL sera donnée.

SERRER à un couple spécifique.

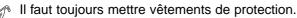


S'assurer que les repères d'équilibrage sur l'ensemble de rotor sont alignés.



EFFECTUER une MEASURE électrique.

Se reporter à un autre endroit dans ce manuel ou à une autre publication pour obtenir des information plus complètes.





Indique que les composants peuvent être lourds.

Accès au site Web pour trouver l'agent Holset le plus proche.

Aller au sommaire

Símbolos - Português

Os símbolos a seguir serão utilizados neste manual para facilitar a comunicação das instruções e seue significados estão déscritos abaixo.



ATENÇÃO - Os procedimentos de Manutenção ou Serviços que não forem seguidos correctamente resultarão em ferimentos pessoais ou riscos de vida.

AVISO - Os procedimentos de Manutenção ou Serviço que não forem rigorosamente seguidos resultarão em danos ou destruição do carregador turbo.

Indica um passe de **DESMONTAGEM**.

Indica um passo de MONTAGEM.



P

Requer inspeção.

LIMPE a peça ou conjunto.

Requer Medição mecãnica ou de tempo.

LUBRIFIQUE a peça ou o conjunto.

Indica necessidade de APERTO.

TORQUEAR de acordo com o especificado.

Assegure-se de que as MARCAS DE BALANCEAMENTO do conjunto eixorotor estejam alinhadas.



Requer medição ELÉTRICA.



Procure em outra seção deste manual ou em publicação par obter informações adicionais

Por favor, sempre utilize EPI (Equipamento de Protecao Individual)



Indica que os componentes podem estar pesados.

Visite o Website para encontrar o seu Agente Holset mais perto.

Vá para Conteúdo

Component Identification

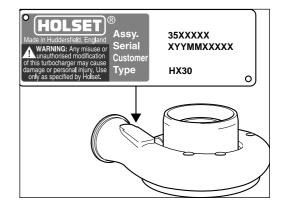
Turbocharger Identification



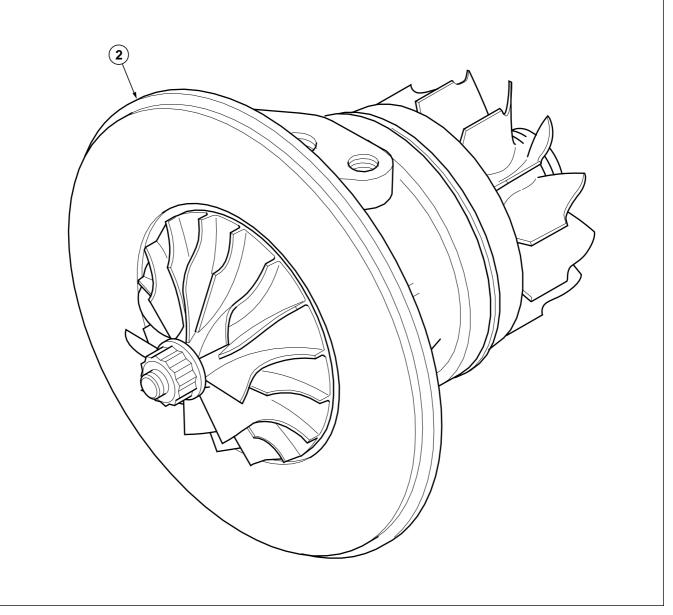
Dataplate

Note

Dataplates will be fitted to the compressor housing (8). The information from the dataplate must be quoted for service and parts support.



Center Housing Rotating Assembly (CHRA) (2)

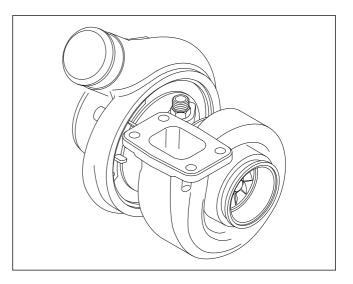


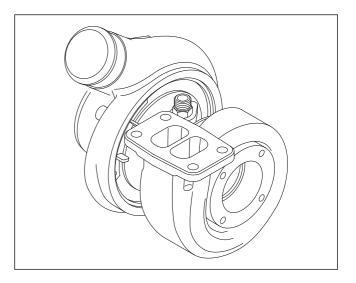
Component Identification

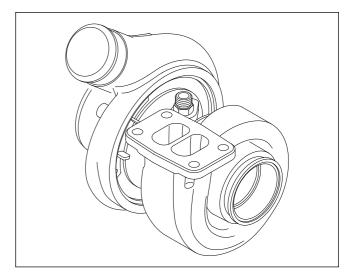


Installation Options

Туре А







Туре В

Туре С

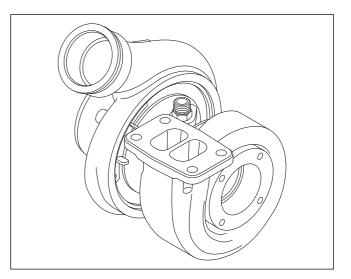
HX30/32/35/40 Service Repair Manual

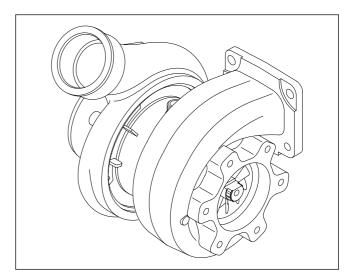
Component Identification



Type D

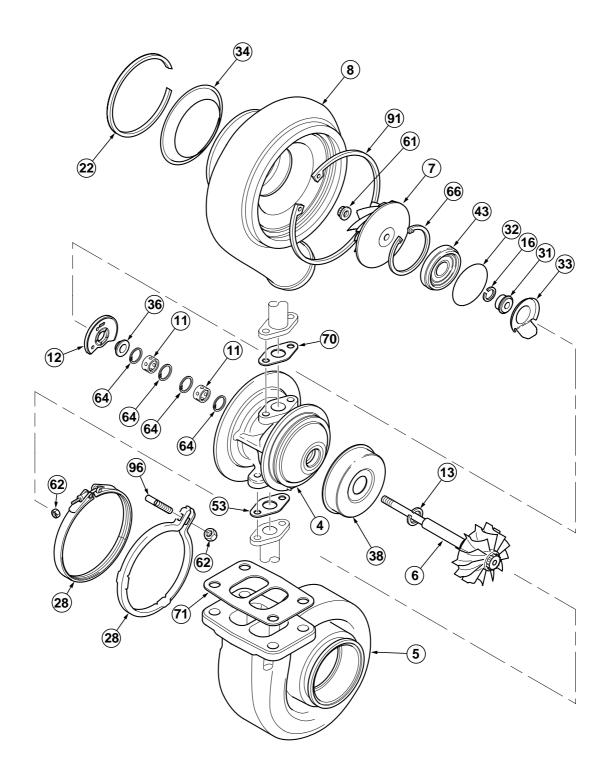
Туре Е





Exploded View - HX30/32



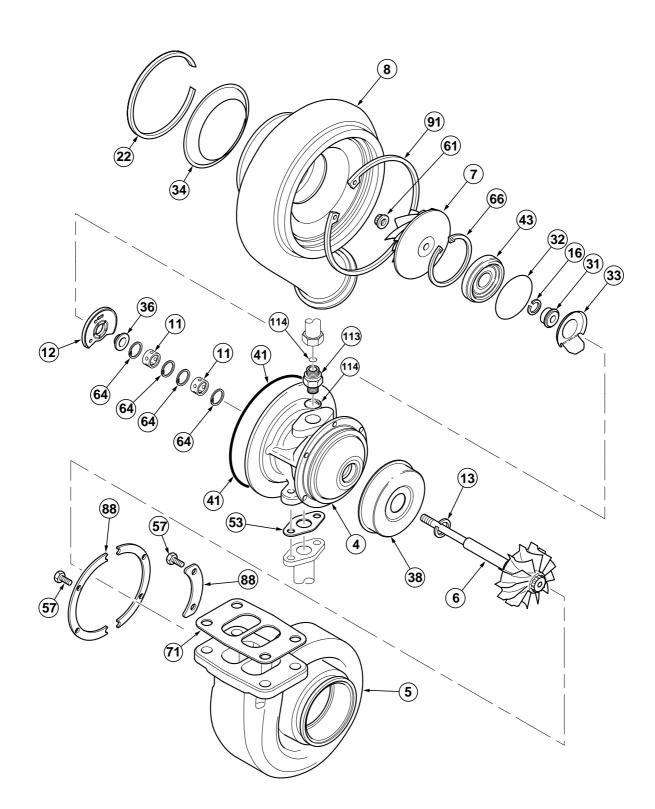


Note

Exploded views represent a generic build standard. Parts may be added or subtracted in specific applications.

Exploded View - HX35/40





Note

Exploded views represent a generic build standard. Parts may be added or subtracted in specific applications.

Component List - HX30/32/35/40

Compo	nent List - HX30/32/35/40	
Item No.	Description	Quantity
1	Repair Kit CHRA (Core)*	1
2	CHRA (Core)	1
4	Bearing Housing	1
5	Turbine Housing	1
6	Assembly, Turbine Wheel	1
7	Compressor Wheel	1
8	Compressor Housing	1
11	Journal Bearing*	2
12	Thrust Bearing*	1
13	Split Ring Seal, Turbine*	1
16	Split Ring Seal, Compressor*	1
22	Retaining Ring, Inlet Baffle	1
28	V-band Clamp, Turbine	0/1
31	Oil Slinger	1
32	O-Ring Seal, Bearing Housing*	1
33	Oil Baffle*	1
34	Inlet Baffle	1
36	Thrust Collar	1
38	Heat Shield	1
41	O-Ring Seal, Compressor Housing*	0/1
43	Oil Seal Plate	1
53	Gasket, Oil Outlet*	1
57	Bolt, Turbine Housing	0/6
61	Locknut, Compressor Wheel	1
62	Locknut, V-band*	0/1
64	Retaining Ring, Bearing*	4
66	Insert, Retaining Ring	1
70	Gasket, Oil Inlet*	0/1
71	Gasket, Turbine Housing*	1

Component List - HX30/32/35/40

Compo	Description Clamp Plate, Turbine housing Retaining Ring, Compresor Cover Screw, V-band Adapter, Oil Inlet	
Item No.	Description	Quantity
88	Clamp Plate, Turbine housing	0/2/3
91	Retaining Ring, Compresor Cover	1
96	Screw, V-band	0/1
113	Adapter, Oil Inlet	0/1
114	O-Ring Seal, Oil Inlet	0/2
116	Adapter, Oil Drain	0/1
117	O-Ring Seal, Oil Outlet	0/1

Component Identification

Н

Purchaseable Service Tools

Service Tools

The following special tools can be purchased from your local Authorised Repair Location. The use of these tools is recommended and where necessary they are shown in the appropriate service procedure.

Part No.	Tool Description	Tool Illustration
3575186	Circlip Pliers	
56662	Circlip Pliers	
56663	Circlip Pliers	
56664	Circlip Pliers	
4027202	Wastegate Air Feed Adapter	
4027203	Wastegate Air Feed Adapter	
4027204	E-Clip Tool	SS

Caution Δ

All Service and Maintenance settings are shown in Holset's Service Data Sheet. It is essential that these settings are used. Common tools found in mechanic's tool box not included.

Fault Finding chart

Dirty air cleaner Image: Cleaner </th <th></th> <th>Engine Running Hot</th> <th>Poor Transient Response</th> <th>Smoke</th> <th>Engine Lacks Power</th> <th>Black Exhaust Smoke</th> <th>Blue Exhaust Smoke</th> <th>High Oil Consumption</th> <th>Turbocharger Noisy</th> <th>Cyclic Sound from the Turbocharger</th> <th>Oil Leak from Compressor Seal</th> <th>Oil Leak from Turbine Seal</th>		Engine Running Hot	Poor Transient Response	Smoke	Engine Lacks Power	Black Exhaust Smoke	Blue Exhaust Smoke	High Oil Consumption	Turbocharger Noisy	Cyclic Sound from the Turbocharger	Oil Leak from Compressor Seal	Oil Leak from Turbine Seal
Remove restriction or replace damaged parts as requiredImage: Control of the second control of the control of the second control	Clean or replace element according to manufacturer s recommendations	•	•	•	•	•	•	•				
Remove restriction or replace damaged parts as requiredImage: Control of the second c	Remove restriction or replace damaged parts as required	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•		
Refer to engine manufacturer s manual and remove restrictionImage: Content of the cont	Remove restriction or replace damaged parts as required	•	•		•	•			•			
Replace seals, gaskets or tighten fasteners as requiredImage: Control of the seal of the		•	•		•	•			•			
Replace seals, gaskets or tighten fasteners as requiredImage: Control of the second of th	Air leak in feed from air cleaner to compressor Replace seals, gaskets or tighten fasteners as required								•			
Refer to engine manufacturer s manual and replace gaskets or tighten fasteners as required		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			
Refer to engine manufacturer s manual and remove obstructionImage: Content of the second	Air leak between intake manifold and engine Refer to engine manufacturer s manual and replace gaskets or tighten fasteners as required	•		•	•	•	•	•	•			
Remove restriction or replace damaged parts as requiredImage: Content of the second secon					•	•	•	•	•		\bullet	
Refer to engine manufacturer's manual and replace gaskets or damaged parts as requiredImage: Content of the second content of the	Restricted exhaust system Remove restriction or replace damaged parts as required	•			•	•					ullet	
Replace gasket or tighten fasteners as requiredImage: Content of the second	Exhaust manifold cracked, gaskets blown or missing Refer to engine manufacturer s manual and replace gaskets or damaged parts as required		•	•	•	•			•			
Refer to engine manufacturer s manual and repair leakImage: Content of the second			•	•	•	•			•			
Remove restriction or replace damaged parts as requiredImage: Content of the part of the	Gas leak in ducting after turbine outlet Refer to engine manufacturer s manual and repair leak		•						•			
Restricted engine crankcase breather Refer to engine manufacturer s manual, clear restriction Image: the strict of the stric	Remove restriction or replace damaged parts as required						•	•			\bullet	•
Turbocharger bearing housing sludged or coked Change engine oil and oil filter, overhaul or replace turbocharger as requiredImage engineImage engineIma							•	•			\bullet	•
Fuel injection pump or fuel injectors incorrectly set Refer to engine manufacturer's manual and replace or adjust faulty components as required 	Turbocharger bearing housing sludged or coked						•	•			•	•
Engine valve timing incorrect Refer to engine manufacturer's manual for correct settings and adjust as required 	Fuel injection pump or fuel injectors incorrectly set		•	•	•	•						
Worn engine piston rings or liners Refer to engine manufacturer s manual and repair as required 	Engine valve timing incorrect				•	•						
Burnt valves and/or pistons Refer to engine manufacturer s manual and repair as required Excessive dirt build up on compressor wheel and/or diffuser vanes	Worn engine piston rings or liners				•	•	•	•			•	•
Excessive dirt build up on compressor wheel and/or diffuser vanes	Burnt valves and/or pistons				•	•	•	•			•	•
	Excessive dirt build up on compressor wheel and/or diffuser vanes				•	•	•	•	•	•	\bullet	•
Turbocharger damaged Find and correct cause of failure, repair or replace turbocharger as necessary	Turbocharger damaged				•	•	•	•	•		•	•

Service Tools



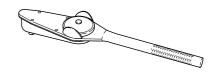
The following special tools are recommended to perform procedures in this manual. The use of these tools is shown in the appropriate procedure.

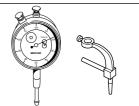
Part No. Tool Description

Tool Illustration

Torque Wrench

Dial Gauge and Dial Gauge Adapter





3575186

Circlip Pliers



All Service and Maintenance settings are shown in Holset's Service Data Sheet. It is essential that these settings are used. Common tools found in mechanic's tool box not included.

On Engine Checks

Oil Leakage

Flange fitting M8 x 1.25



The oil inlet is pressurized and no service action should be taken with the engine running.

Replacement gaskets and flange fasteners should be fitted without sealant as this can contaminate the oil. Torque tighten to value specified by engine manufacturer.

It is important to avoid kinked pipes during servicing and subsequent operation.

Flange fitting M8 x 1.25

Warning

Outlet oil is hot and no service action should be taken with the engine running.

Replacement gaskets and flange fasteners should be fitted without sealant as this can contaminate the oil. Torque tighten fasteners to value specified by engine manufacturer.

All outlet pipes should be free flowing without kinks and sharp bends and decline at an overall angle not less than 30° below the horizontal.

Oil Inlet Options

Pipe Fitting 11/16-16 UN (19 mm)

Adapter fitting M16 x 1.5 (22 mm)

Warning

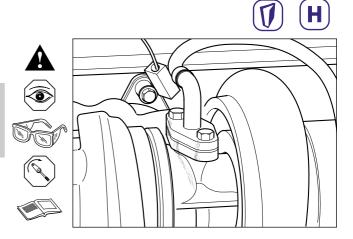
The oil inlet is pressurized and no service action should be taken with the engine running.

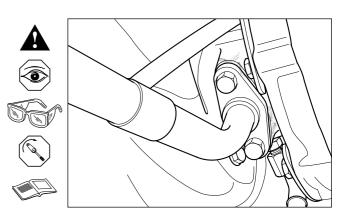
Replacement seals and adapters should be fitted without sealant as this can contaminate the oil. Torque tighten adapter to value shown in *Service Data Sheet*.

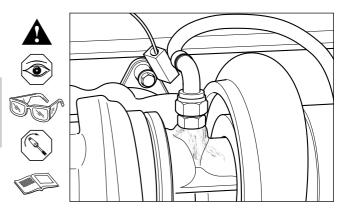
It is important to avoid kinked pipes during servicing and subsequent operation.

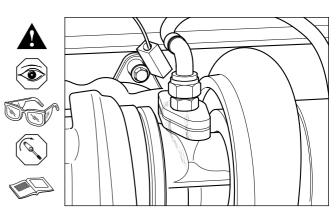
Adapter fitting M12 x 1.5 - M14 x 1.5

Repacement seals and adapters should be fitted without sealant as this can contaminate the oil. Torque tighten adapter to value specified by engine manufacturer.



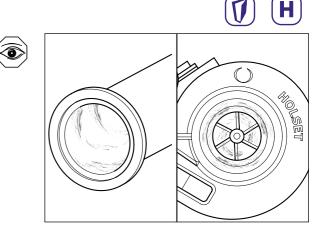






HX30/32/35/40 Service Repair Manual

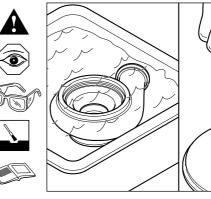
Closed crankcase ventilation systems have a tendency to deposit oil in the compressor housing. Where practical remove intake system pipework every 50,000 km (30,000 miles) to check housing, compressor wheel and inlet baffle condition.



Always refer to *Cleaning of Housings* to clean housing. Rotor components can be cleaned using a non metallic bristle brush.

Warning

Always wear safety glasses during cleaning.

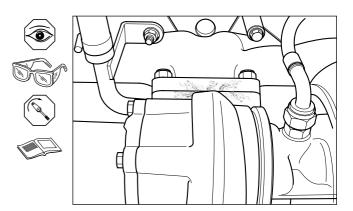




Exhaust Gas Leakage

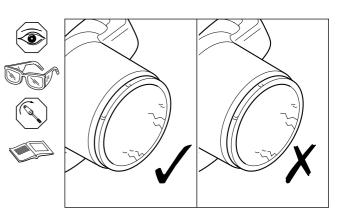
Turbine housing flange leakage will cause soot formation on the flange. Check exhaust manifold to flange seal ensuring fastener torque meets engine manufacturer's recommendation.

Check flange for cracks. Check turbine housing gasket for signs of damage which would cause leakage. Always replace damaged gaskets.



Where practical remove exhaust system pipework to check exhaust system connecting profile for fretting damage.

If sealing is compromised replace turbine housing by reference to *Turbine and Compressor Housings*.



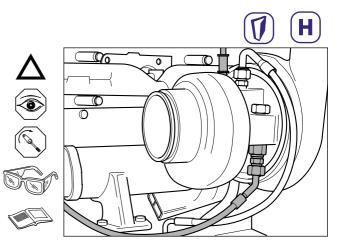
Coolant Leakage

M16 x 1.5

Repair by replacement of coolant inlet and outlet fittings. Where housing threads are damaged replace turbocharger. Torque tighten adapters to value specified by engine manufacturerer.

Caution Δ

Do not use sealant as this may affect performance of o-ring seals.

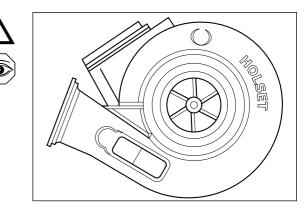


Visual Checks

Check for cracked, bent or damaged compressor wheel blades.

Caution /

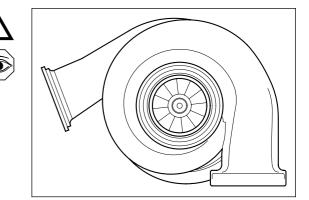
Never attempt to straighten blades.



Where practical, check for cracked, bent or damaged turbine wheel blades.

Caution Δ

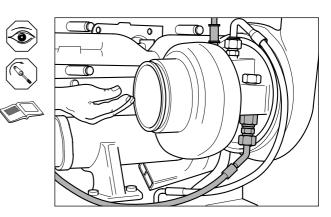
Never attempt to straighten blades.



With intake system disconnected from compressor housing, it may be possible to check visually for excess bearing axial and radial clearances.

If light finger pressure causes contact between compressor or turbine wheel with respective housing, replace turbocharger.

If in doubt, the turbocharger must be removed from engine to check bearing clearance against recommended values shown in Service Data Sheet.

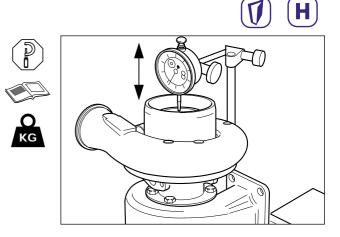


Bearing Clearance

Secure the turbine housing and check the axial clearance using a dial gauge.

Ensure clearance is within MIN/MAX values shown on *Service Data Sheet*.

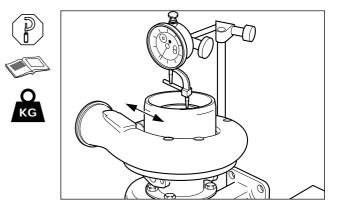
If axial clearance does not meet specification refer to turbocharger **Service and Overhaul** to strip and rebuild the CHRA (core).



Check the radial movement at compressor impeller nose using a dial gauge.

Ensure movement is within MIN/MAX TIR (Total Indicator Reading) values shown on *Service Data Sheet.*

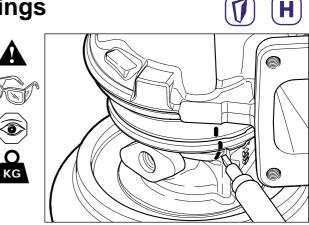
If radial movement does not meet specification refer to turbocharger **Service and Overhaul** to strip and rebuild the CHRA (core).



Turbine and Compressor Housings

Turbine Housing

Place compressor inlet on a clean flat surface. Mark turbine housing, bearing housing and v-band clamp, turbine (where fitted). This action assists in the reassembly process defining correct component orientation.



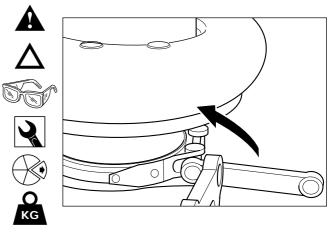
V-band Option

M6 x 1 (10 mm)

Turn turbocharger on to turbine outlet face. Loosen locknut, v-band clamp (62) and discard.

Caution Δ

Some locknuts have a self-locking feature. These must be replaced every time they are removed to ensure long term clamp loading of the v-band.



Clamp Plate Option

M8 x 1.25 (13 mm) Secure turbine housing flange in vice.

Caution \triangle

Take care not to shear the clamp plate bolts.

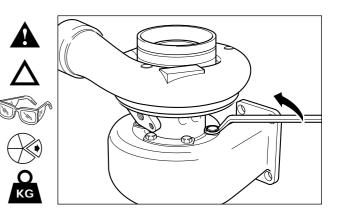
Seized bolts may be freed by spraying with penetrating oil and soaking for twenty minutes or a period of time recommended by the oil manufacturer.

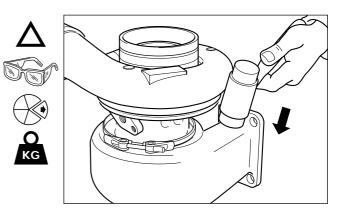
Loosen and remove the six bolts and clamp plates.

Caution Δ

Turbine blades can be damaged easily when the turbine housing is removed. Do not bend the locating pin that aligns bearing housing and turbine housing.

Using a soft hammer, tap turbine housing down against a soft bench surface. As compressor assembly and Vband (where fitted) come loose, lift out of turbine housing engagement





Η

Caution Δ

Turbine housings can exhibit cracking when subject to excessive thermal and mechanical loads.

Cracking of the turbine housing inlet flange and inlet duct generally requires turbine housing replacement. Acceptance and rejection guidelines are shown in this illustration. If an exhaust gasket is available, always ensure that any cracks lie within its sealing area.

Check turbine housing inlet flange flatness is within 0.1 mm (0.004 in) before retaining component for reuse.

Flange Fasteners - Clearance Holes

Check fastener hole diameter is not more than 1.5 mm larger than the max. thread diameter of the fastener.

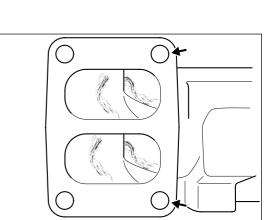
Flange Fasteners - Threaded Holes

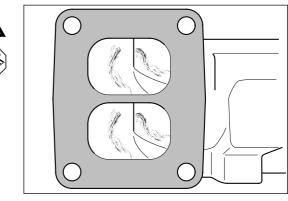
M10 x 1.5

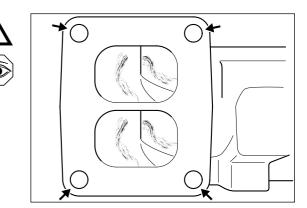
Check flange threaded holes with an M10 x 1.5 thread gauge.

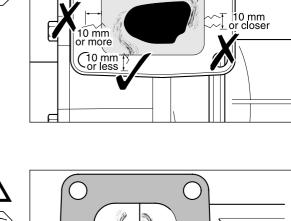
Caution \triangle Turbine housings can exhibit cracking when subject to excessive thermal and mechanical loads.











Caution Δ

Where a crack will cause leakage to atmosphere the turbine housing must be replaced.

Cracking of the internal wall at the entry to the turbine wheel (tongue) is an acceptable service condition and the turbine housing may be re-used.

To refit turbine housing (5) position v-band clamp (where fitted) over the bearing housing and align indelible ink marks applied during disassembly.

Apply anti seize compound to bearing housing locating bore of the turbine housing.

Carefully slide bearing and compressor housing assembly into turbine housing. Use ink alignment mark to locate housing assembly in correct orientation with the turbine housing.

Caution Δ

The turbine blades can be easily damaged when installing in the turbine housing

V-band Option

M6 x 1 (10 mm)

Warning

Always wear safety glasses when refitting housings

Caution \triangle

Ensure locknut, v-band clamp is clean and oil free before torque tightening.

Note

There are T- bolt and Hex- bolt versions of v-band clamp but thread detail is common.

Place v-band clamp in correct orientation and torque tighten new locknut (62) to value specified in *Service Data Sheet*.

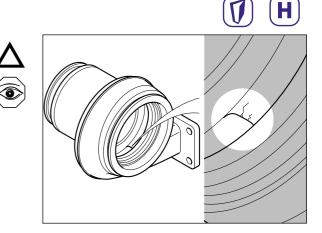
Clamp Plate Option

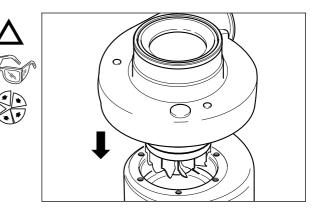
M8 x 1.25 (13 mm)

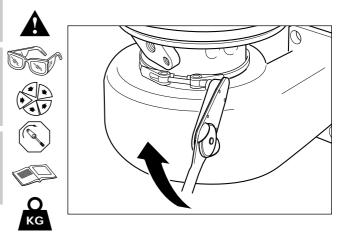
Secure turbine housing flange in vice.

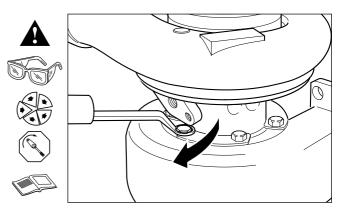
Install the clamp plates and torque tighten the six bolts to value specified in *Service Data Sheet*.

Depending on housing orientation, some clamp plate bolts may have restricted access. In these cases, use a suitable torque wrench adapter attached to a specially calibrated torque wrench.

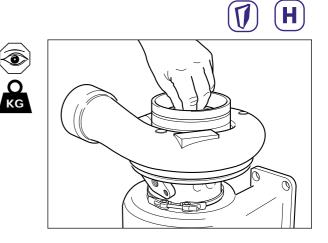








Ensure rotor assembly freely rotates.

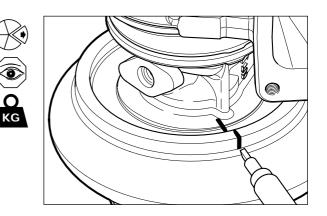


Compressor Housing

Note

Some HX35/40 compressor housings are roll pinned to bearing housings.

Mark compressor housing, bearing housing and retaining ring to record correct orientation. This action assists in re-assembling the components and defines orientation of the retaining ring.



Warning

Always wear safety glasses when removing retaining ring.

Remove compressor cover retaining ring using circlip pliers part no. 3575186.

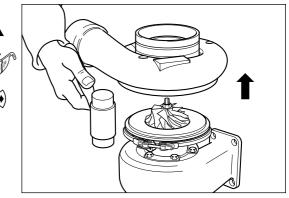


Caution Δ

Compressor blades can be damaged easily when the compressor housing is removed. Do not bend the roll pin (where fitted) that aligns bearing housing and compressor housing.

Using a soft hammer, gently tap the compressor housing off the bearing housing.

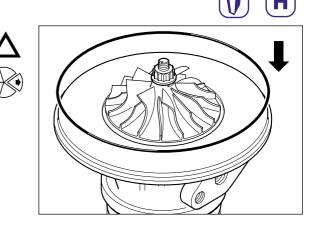




On some turbocharger options, the bearing housing to compressor housing joint is fitted with 0-ring seal, compressor (41). This seal should be removed and discarded at this stage.

Caution Δ

Always fit a new seal on reassembly.



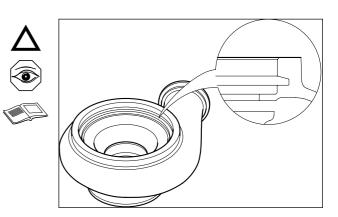
Inspect internal profile of compressor housing for scoring damage due to possible contact with compressor wheel. Check compressor housing retaining ring groove is free from deposits and is not worn.

Move to Cleaning of Housings if deposits remain.

Replace with new if profile damage is visible.

Caution Δ

Good groove and abutment face condition are critical to the integrity of compressor housing to bearing housing joint.



Inlet Baffle Option

To clean compressor housings fitted with an inlet baffle it is necessary to remove baffle.

Inlet baffle (A) is the old type; inlet baffle (B) is the new type. Baffle (B) has been improved and no longer incorporates the four stepped areas. This gives the new baffle increased service life.

Caution Δ

Always fit the new type of baffle (B) on re-assembly.

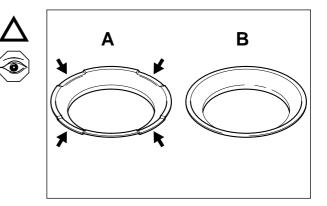
Caution \triangle

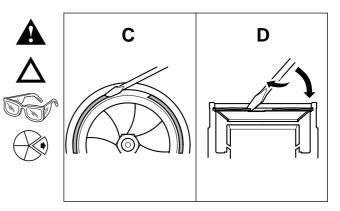
When removing the inlet baffle retaining ring, be careful not to damage the compressor wheel with the screw driver. Use a rag or rubber bung to protect the wheel.

Using a flat screw driver, carefully apply force in the area shown (C) as the retaining ring starts to move, force the screwdriver under the ring as shown in (D).

Warning

Always wear safety glasses when removing or refitting retaining rings.

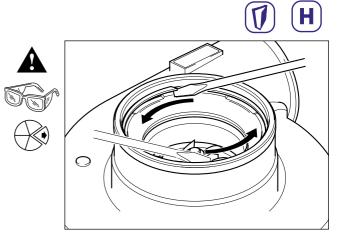




HX30/32/35/40 Service Repair Manual

Push the screwdriver in an anti-clockwise (counterclockwise) direction to force the retaining ring out of the groove. Remove the retaining ring.

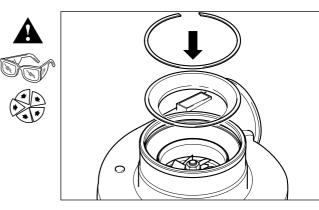
Remove the inlet baffle.



Following cleaning of the compressor housing, locate a new type of inlet baffle onto the location ledge of the compressor housing inlet.



Always wear safety glasses when removing or refitting retaining rings.



Hold one end of the retaining ring in position in its compressor cover groove. Press the remainder of the retaining ring into position using free hand.

Use a flat screw driver to make sure the retaining ring is correctly seated in the compressor cover groove.



Always wear safety glasses when removing or refitting retaining rings.

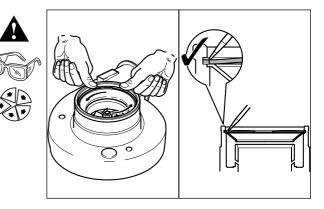
To refit compressor housing place the CHRA assembly on clean surface. Fit new o-ring seal, compressor housing (where fitted). Carefully slide the compressor housing on to the CHRA assembly. Use alignment marks to locate with bearing housing and to locate on to roll pin (where fitted).

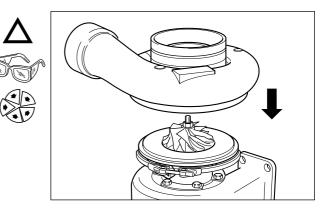
Caution \triangle

The compressor wheel blades can be easily damaged when the CHRA is installed.

Caution \triangle

Be careful not to bend the roll pin during assembly.





Н

Turn turbocharger on to compressor inlet face.

Locate retaining ring over CHRA. Using circlip pliers, part no. 3575186, fit the retaining ring.

Caution Δ

The retaining ring must be fitted with the chamfered face upwards away from the compressor housing.

Warning

Always wear safety glasses when removing or refitting retaining rings.

Tap ends of retaining ring lightly with hammer and drift to ensure that the retaining ring is properly located into its groove in the compressor housing.

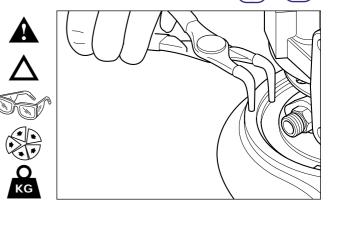
Warning

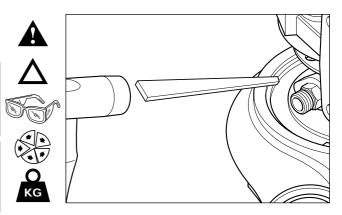
Always wear safety glasses when removing or refitting retaining rings.

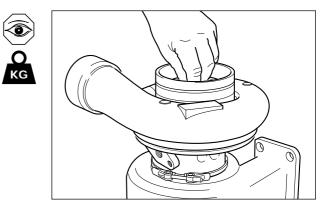
Caution

Ensure that drift does not damage bearing housing during this operation.

Ensure rotor assembly freely rotates.





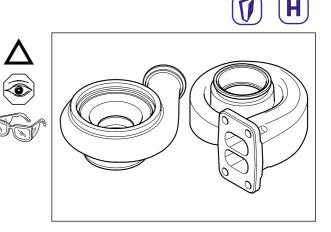


Cleaning of Housings

Visually inspect the parts to detect signs of burning and other conditions in order to obtain as much information as possible before washing.

Caution Δ

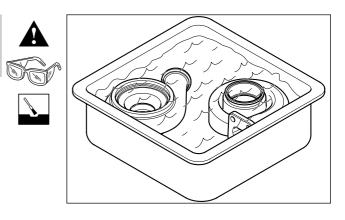
Housing surfaces adjacent to turbine and compressor wheels must be clean, smooth and free from deposits.



Warning

Always wear safety glasses during cleaning.

Soak the housings in a non-corrosive low flash point metal cleaner to loosen deposits.

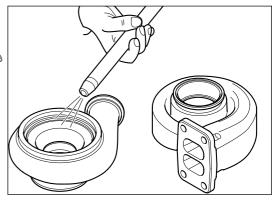


Dry the components using compressed air.

Warning

Always wear safety glasses during cleaning.

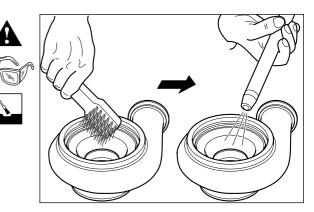


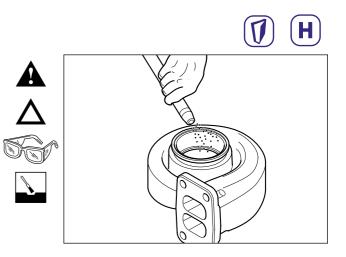


Scale like deposits, if any, must be removed by using a non metallic bristle brush. After removing the deposits, re-wash and dry the components.

Warning

Always wear safety glasses during cleaning.





It is permissible to bead blast the turbine housing if chemical and brush cleaning is not effective.

Warning

Do not bead blast Aluminium and Cast Iron components together. Always wear safety glasses during cleaning.

Caution Δ

Prevent the bead spray impinging directly on to the wastegate valve spindle as beads can penetrate the spindle bore, leading to spindle seizure.

After removing the deposits, re-wash and dry the components.

Service Tools



The following special tools are recommended to perform procedures in this manual. The use of these tools is shown in the appropriate procedure. These tools can be purchased from your local Authorised Repair Location.

Part No. Tool Description Tool Illustration Torque Wrench Image: Construction of the second s

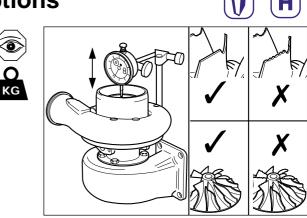
Caution Δ

All Service and Maintenance settings are shown in Holset's Service Data Sheet. It is essential that these settings are used. Common tools found in mechanic's tool box not included.

Compressor Wheel Locknut Options

Note

Before disassembly, check for turbine and compressor blade damage. Measure bearing radial movement and axial clearance to ensure the CHRA (core) is within MIN/MAX shown on the **Service Data Sheet**.

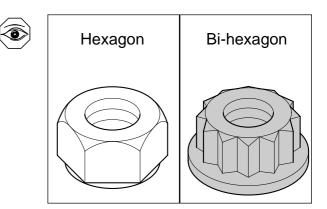


Compressor Wheel Locknut Options (61)

HX30/32/35/40 turbochargers are fitted with alternative hexagon and bi-hexagon compressor wheel locknuts.

Older units have the hexagon nut which indicates that the unit was rotor balanced during original manufacture (OE).

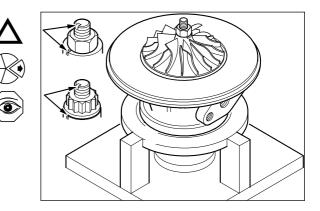
OE units fitted with the bi-hexagon nut are core balanced and will not feature alignment marks of shaft and compressor wheel.



Where no alignment marks exist always mark shaft and compressor wheel prior to disassembly of CHRA (core).

Caution Δ

Rotor balance MUST always be checked before re-assembly.



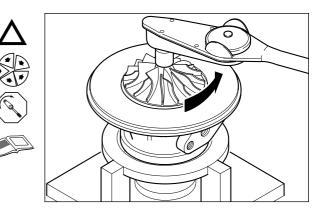
Hexagon M7 LH (13 mm)

Bi-hexagon M7 LH (10 mm)

The bi-hexagon nut has a lower tightening torque than the hexagon option. Always refer to **Service Data Sheet** for correct torque value.

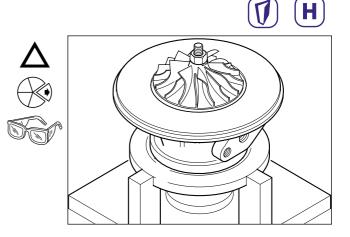
Caution \triangle

Correct torque tightening is critical to turbocharger life. Never under- or over-torque the compressor locknut.



Disassembly

Locate part built CHRA on to 14 mm (HX30/32) or 19 mm (HX35/40) 12 point socket located in a suitable fixture or vice.



M7 LH (10mm or 13 mm)

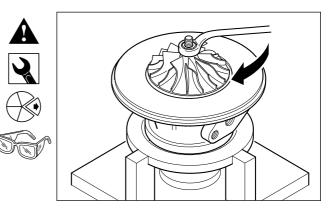
Remove the locknut, compressor wheel (61).

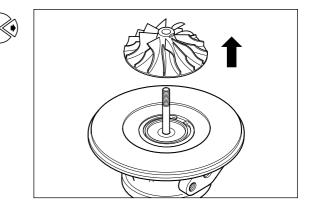
Note Left hand thread.

Warning A

Always wear safety glasses during disassembly process.

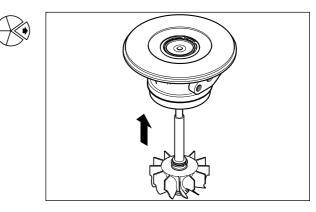
Remove compressor wheel (7).





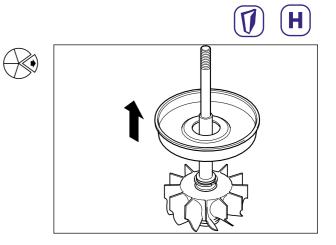
Remove remaining CHRA from fixture and gently slide bearing housing (4) off the assembly turbine wheel (6).

It is permissible to tap the protruding turbine shaft gently with a soft hammer if the split ring seal/s are stuck in their bore.



HX30/32/35/40 Service Repair Manual

Remove heat shield (38).



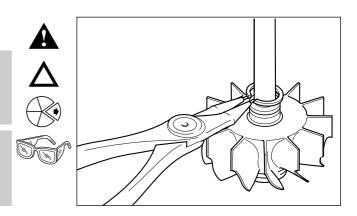
Carefully remove the split ring seal, turbine (13) *.

Warning

Always wear safety glasses when removing sealing rings.

Caution Δ

Care should be taken not to score the turbine wheel shaft assembly.



With bearing housing (4) on a flat clean surface, use circlip pliers Part No 56662 to remove insert, retaining ring (66).

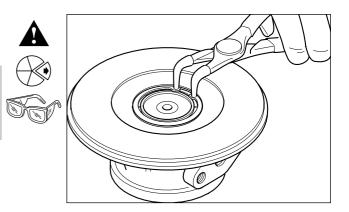
Warning

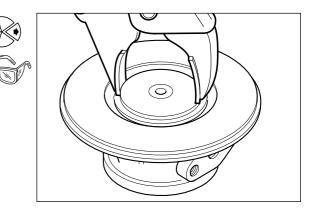
Always wear safety glasses when removing retaining rings.

It is practical to use free hand to contain disassembled ring whilst releasing pliers.

Remove oil seal plate (43) using mole (vice) grips.

If the oil seal plate is stuck in its location, it is permitted to use two screw drivers under the exposed lip to lever out seal plate.

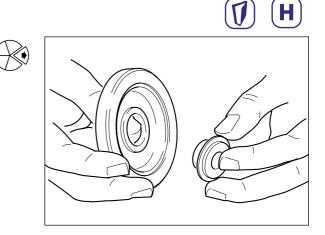




HX30/32/35/40 Service Repair Manual

Turbocharger Service and Overhaul

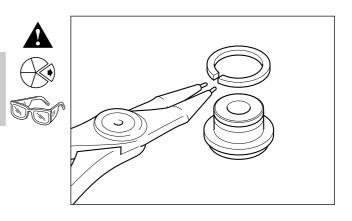
Remove oil slinger (31).



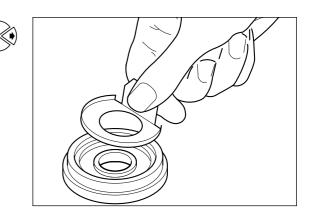
Using piston ring expander pliers remove and discard split ring seal, compressor (16) ***** from oil slinger.



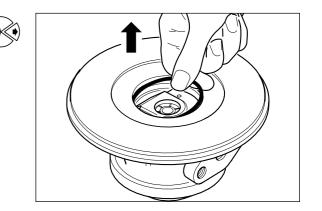
Always wear safety glasses when removing sealing rings.



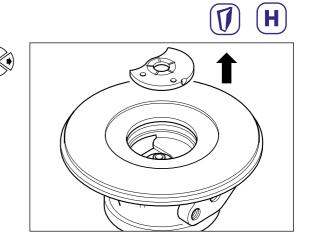
Remove oil baffle(33) * and discard.



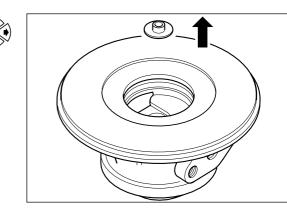
Remove and discard the o-ring seal, bearing housing (32) *.



Remove the thrust bearing (12) * from its pin locations and discard.



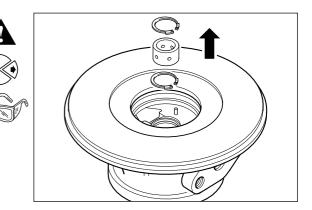
Remove the thrust collar (36).



Warning A

Always wear safety glasses when removing retaining rings.

Using circlip pliers, Part No. 56664, remove the two circlips (64) * and the journal bearing (11) * from the compressor end and discard.

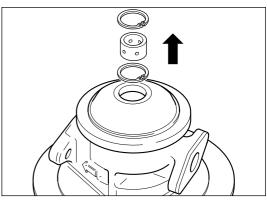


Turn the bearing housing over and repeat the process of retaining ring (64) * and bearing (11) * removal at turbine end.

Warning A

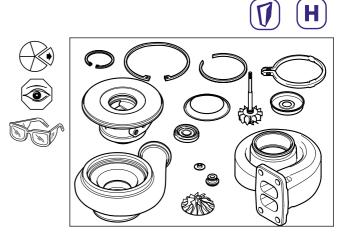
Always wear safety glasses when removing retaining rings.





Component Cleaning

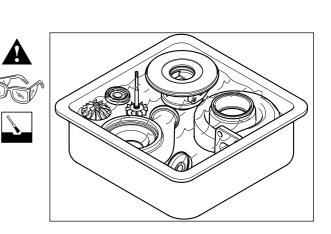
Visually inspect all parts to detect signs of burning and other fault conditions in order to obtain as much information as possible before washing.



Soak the components in a non-corrosive low flash point metal cleaner to loosen deposits.



Always wear safety glasses during cleaning.



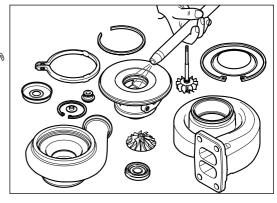
Dry the components using compressed air.

Protect the sliding surfaces of the cleaned parts against corrosion by applying clean engine oil.

Warning

Always wear safety glasses during cleaning.

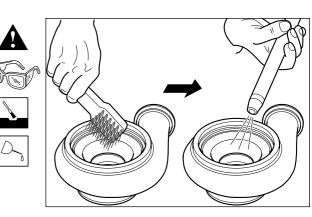




Scale like deposits, if any, must be removed by using a non metallic bristle brush. After loosening the deposits with the brush, wash and dry components as above.

Warning

Always wear safety glasses during cleaning.



Exhaust Flange M10 x 1.5 - Cover Plate M8 x 1.25

Warning

Do not bead blast Aluminium and Cast Iron components together.

It is permissible to bead blast the turbine housing if chemical and brush cleaning is not effective.

Caution Δ

Housing surfaces adjacent to turbine and compressor wheels must be clean, smooth and free from deposits. Always protect threads during bead blasting and clean with the specified thread tap after blasting.

Oil fittings:	M16 X 1.5 - M14 x 1.5 - M12 x 1.5 M8 x 1.25

Coolant fittings: M16 x 1.5

It is important that the oil chamber of the bearing housing is free of carbon before re-building. If heavy deposits persist after repeat washing replace bearing housing (4).

Caution /

Do not bead blast the bearing housing as this may damage critical bearing surfaces.

It is permissible to bead blast steel rotating parts.

Caution Δ

Blasting specific areas for long periods of time may affect component balance. Protect thread of turbine wheel assembly.

Caution \triangle

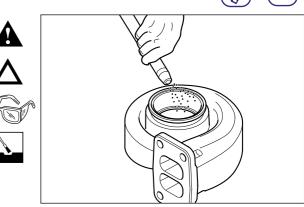
Always clean components with compressed air after blasting.

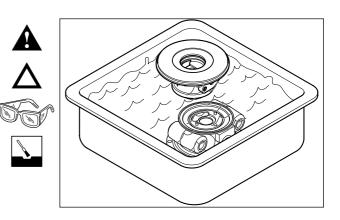
Warning

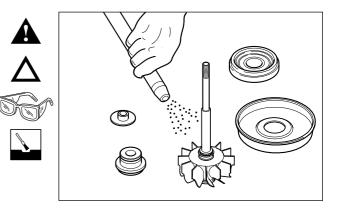
Always wear safety glasses during cleaning.

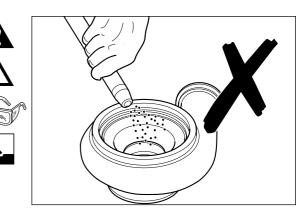
Caution \triangle

Do not bead blast the Aluminium compressor housing as this may damage critical surfaces.









Inspection and Testing

Major Components Assembly Turbine Wheel

Place assembly, turbine wheel (6) on a vee block. Position a dial gauge on the turned surface of the shaft at the threaded end. Check dial gauge reading. Where shaft bend is greater than the recommended maximum of 0.025 mm (0.001 in) replace the assembly.

Caution Δ

Do not attempt to straighten the turbine shaft.

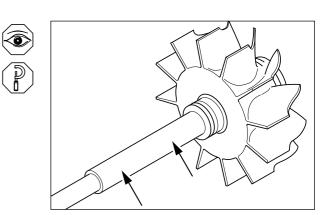
Inspect split ring seal, turbine (13)* groove walls for wear. If groove width exceeds recommended maximum replace assembly.

Single ring seal 1.69 mm (0.067 in)

If the wear step on the ring face exceeds 0.102 mm (0.004 in) replace split ring seal, turbine.

If the free gap of the ring is less than 2.0 mm (0.08 in) replace split ring seal, turbine.

Inspect the bearing journals for excessive scratches and wear. Where scratching is excessive or where either journal diameter is less than the recommended minimum of 10.97 mm (0.43 in) replace the assembly.



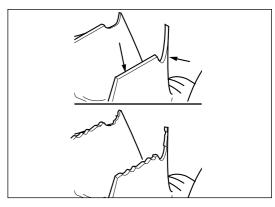
Inspect for cracked, bent or damaged blades.

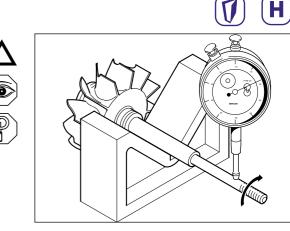
Caution Δ

Never attempt to straighten blades.

Replace with new if any damage found.





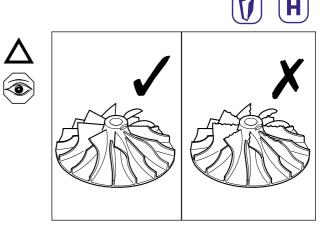


Compressor Wheel

Inspect compressor wheel (7), for cracked, bent or damaged blades.

Caution \triangle Do not attempt to straighten blades.

Replace with new if any damage found.

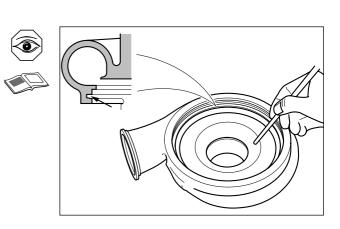


Compressor Housing

Inspect internal profile of compressor housing (8), for scoring damage due to possible contact with compressor wheel.

Return to Component Cleaning if deposits remain.

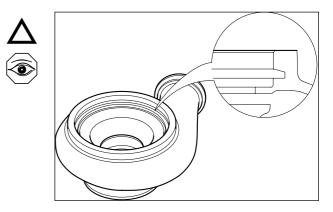
Replace with new if profile damage is visible.



Ensure position of compressor housing retaining ring groove has not been compromised by wear.

Caution Δ

Good groove and abutment face condition are critical to the integrity of compressor housing to bearing housing joint.

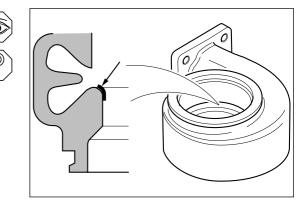


Turbine Housing

Inspect the turbine housing (5) profile for damage caused by possible contact with the rotor. Inspect the outer and internal walls for cracks or flaking caused by overheating.

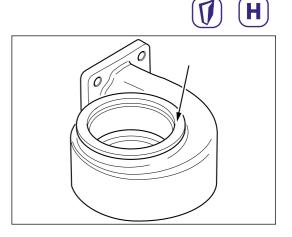
Check turbine housing inlet flange flatness is within 0.1 mm (0.004 in). Check fastener hole diameter is not more than 1.5 mm larger than the max. thread diameter of the fastener.

Replace with new if any of the above features are non compliant.



V Band Option

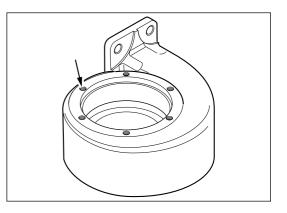
Check v-band flange for fretting damage. Turbine housings showing damage must be replaced



Clamp Plate Option

M8 X 1.25 (13 mm)

Check clamp plate threaded holes with the specified thread gauge. Replace turbine housing if threads are damaged.



Air and Liquid Cooled Bearing Housings

Oil Flanges M8 x 1.25 - Oil Adapter M12, M14 and M16 x 1.5

Inspect journal bearing bores for wear and score marks. Replace bearing housing (4) if a bore diameter exceeds a maximum of 15.88 mm (0.625 in) or when bore scratching is severe.

Ensure groove locations for retaining rings, bearing (64) are free from deposits and do not exceed width of 0.82 mm (0.032 in).

Check that the oil cavity is free from carbon and any entrained debris that may be the result of a failure. Ensure all oil port threads are clean then check with the appropriate thread guage.

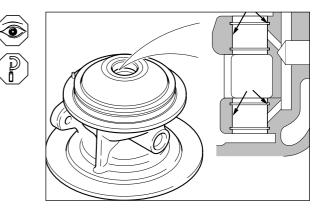
Caution \triangle

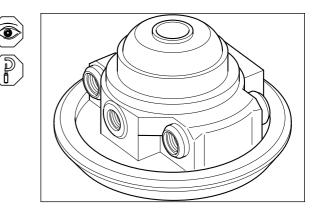
Bearing housing clamp plate interface can corrode in high temperature operation. Bearing housings showing corrosion or v band fretting damage must be replaced.

Liquid Cooled Bearing Housing

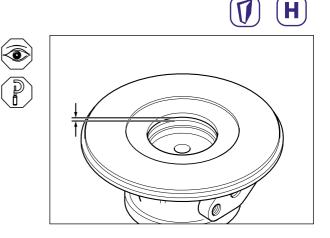
M16 x 1.5

Ensure all coolant port threads are clean then check with the appropriate thread gauge.





Check oil seal plate retaining ring groove does not exceed a maximum width dimension of: 2 mm (0.079 in).



Small Components

Oil Slinger

Inspect and replace oil slinger (31) if the split ring seal, compressor (16) * groove walls are scored or damaged or if groove width exceeds a maximum of 1.67 mm (0.066 in).

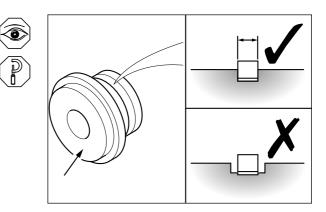
Check for signs of rubbing and scoring on the thrust surface and replace where damage is severe.

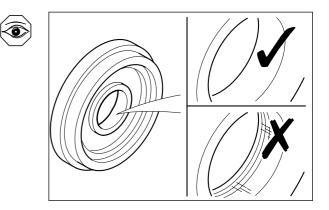
If the ring faces show any signs of wear replace the split ring seal, compressor (16) *.

If the free gap of the ring is less than 2.0 mm (0.08 in) replace the split ring seal, compressor (16) *.

Oil seal plate

Inspect the seal bore of the oil seal plate (43) and replace if scored or damaged.

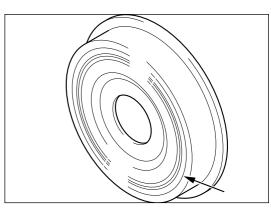




Heat Shield

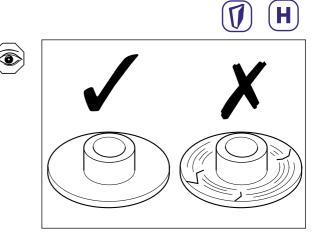
Check and replace if the heat shield (38) is distorted or if signs of rubbing or cracking are visible.





Thrust Collar

Check and replace if thrust collar (36) is scored on thrust face or if any cracks are visible.



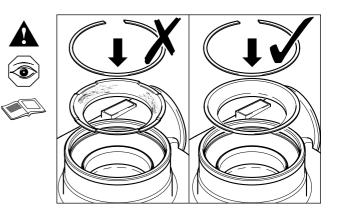
Compressor Inlet Baffle Option

Check baffle for debris entrainment damage. Always fit new type inlet baffle on reassembly.

Refer to *Turbine and Compressor Housings* for re-fitting instructions.

Warning

Always wear safety glasses when removing or refitting retaining rings.



Reassembly

Rotor Balance

Caution Δ

This turbocharger may have been manufactured using the core balance process. Rotor balance MUST always be checked on re-build.

A turbocharger should always have co-relation marks on the end of the turbine shaft and impeller nose if it has been disassembled according to the process defined in *Disassembly*. The thrust collar and oil slinger will not have co-relation marks.

Components that should be included in rotor balance are:

- Turbine wheel and shaft
- Thrust collar
- Oil slinger
- Compressor wheel
- Nut

Balance is achieved by relative rotation of components as indicated by the balance machine output.

The balance process requires a purpose built rig and compliance with the rig procedure.

Rotor balance limits appear in the Service Data Sheet.

On achieving balance, parts should be permanently marked for subsequent re-alignment during reassembly.

Caution Δ

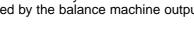
Only use genuine Holset compressor wheels and assembly turbine wheels which are individually check balanced for long life and quiet operation.

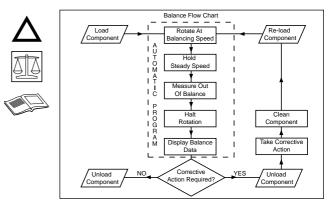
Caution \triangle

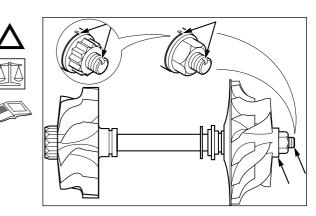
Always make sure the balance marks on the rotor assembly are in alignment when rebuilding the turbocharger.

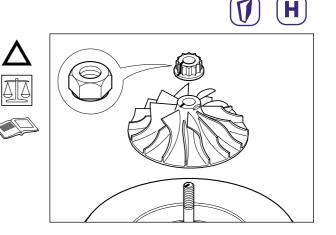
Caution \triangle

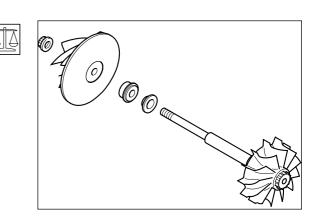
Both 6 and 12 point nuts have been used on this range of turbochargers. Ensure correct tightening torque specified in *Service Data Sheet* is used.











Turbocharger Service and Overhaul

Turbocharger Reassembly

Warning A

Always wear safety glasses when refitting retaining rings.

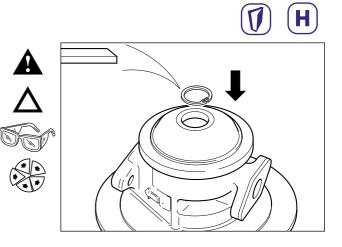
Caution Δ

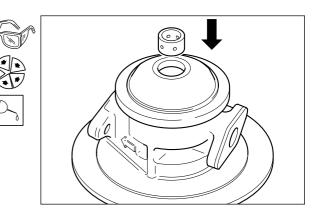
Make sure the circlips are always fitted with the bevelled edge facing the journal bearing. Premature failure will result from incorrect fitting.

Place bearing housing compressor mating face on a clean surface.

Fit inner turbine end retaining ring, bearing (64) * using circlip pliers Part No. 56664.

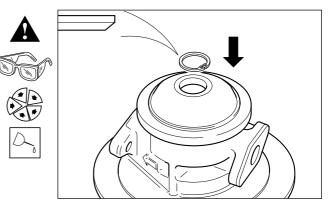
Lubricate the journal bearing (11) * with clean engine oil and install.



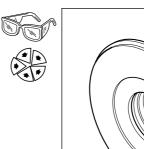


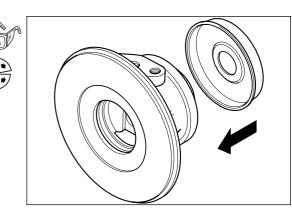
Fit the outer retaining ring (64) * with the bevelled edge facing the bearing.

Turn the bearing housing over and repeat the retaining ring (64) * and journal bearing (11) * installation process at compressor end.



Install heat shield (38).

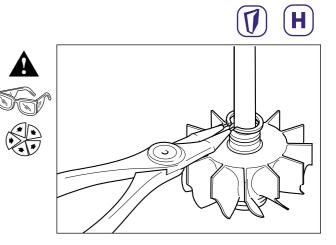




Warning

Always wear safety glasses when refitting sealing rings.

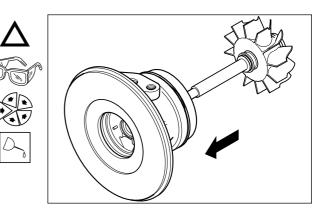
Using expander pliers, install new split ring seal, turbine (13) * to assembly turbine wheel (6). Some applications contain dual ring seals. It is clear from the groove width dimension whether single or dual split ring seals are required.



Caution Δ

Align dual split ring seals (13) so the gaps are positioned 180° apart. Gently press down on the turbine wheel - a slight rotation of the wheel will assist in properly locating the split ring seals.

Lubricate the shaft with clean engine oil and insert into the journal bearings. Positively locate the seal ring (13) * into position and ensure the assembly turbine wheel rotates freely.



Place assembly on clean flat surface supporting the assembly turbine wheel (6) in a suitable fixture.

Ensure all thrust contact faces are clean.

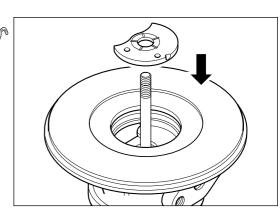
Insert thrust collar.

Caution Δ

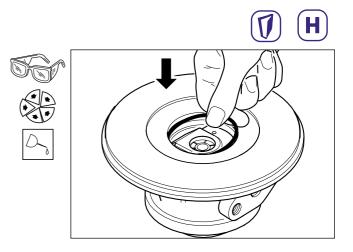
Align the balance mark on the thrust collar with that on the shaft, if applicable.

Apply clean engine oil to installed thrust collar (36) and insert thrust bearing (12) *.





Apply a small amount of engine oil to the o-ring and insert the o-ring seal, bearing housing (32) *.

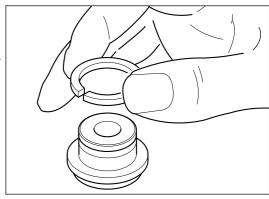


Install new split ring seal, compressor (16) * to oil slinger (31).

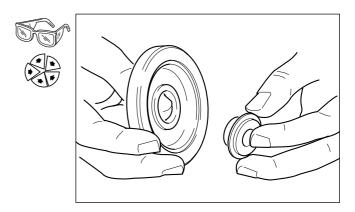


Always wear safety glasses when refitting sealing rings.



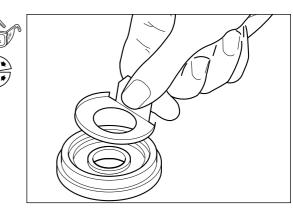


Install oil slinger (31) into oil seal plate (43).

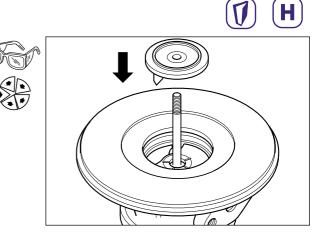


Install the oil baffle (33) ***** into oil seal plate into the oil seal plate (43).





Align the tongue of the oil baffle with the aperture in the bearing housing and install the seal plate assembly.

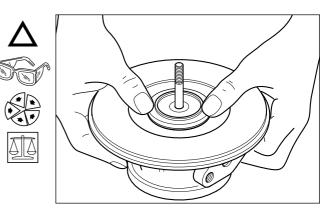


Transfer assembly from fixture locating on turbine wheel nose to one locating on bearing housing.

Install oil seal plate (43) into the bearing housing (4).

Caution \triangle

Align the balance mark on the oil slinger with that on the shaft, if applicable.



Warning

Always wear safety glasses when refitting retaining rings.

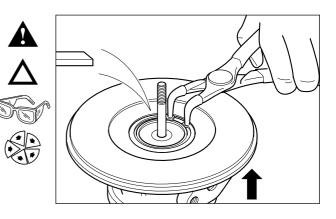
Locate part built CHRA on to 14 mm (HX30/32W) or 19 mm (HX35/40W) 12 point socket located in a suitable fixture or vice.

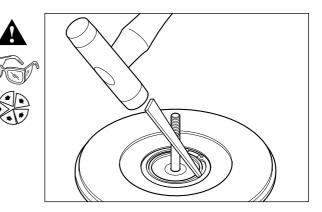
Use circlip pliers Part No. 56662 to install the insert, retaining ring (66). It may be necessary to lift the bearing housing to its upper clearance limit to fully expose circlip groove.

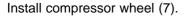
Caution Δ

The retaining ring must be fitted with the chamfered face upwards away from the oil seal plate.

Use soft hammer and drift to ensure retaining ring (66) is properly located.

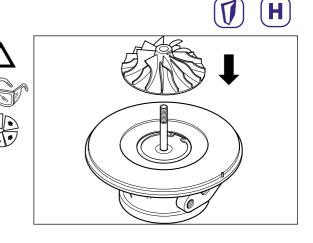






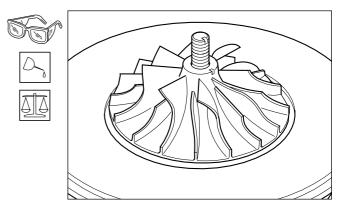
Caution Δ

Before installation ensure compressor wheel is clean and back face is free from oil. After installation smear light oil to shaft thread and compressor wheel locknut face.



Align the balance marks scribed on shaft and compressor wheel.

Brush the thread and nut face with an anti-seize compound to avoid loss of alignment during torque tightening.



M7 LH (10 or 13 mm)

Install the locknut, compressor wheel (61) and tighten to the torque value defined in the *Service Data Sheet*.

Caution Δ

Ensure locknut, compressor wheel is clean and smeared with light oil. Hand tighten and correct any excessive/unusaul torque characteristic before torque tightening.

Caution Δ

Ensure that the balance marks remain aligned on compressor wheel and shaft throughout torque tightening sequence.

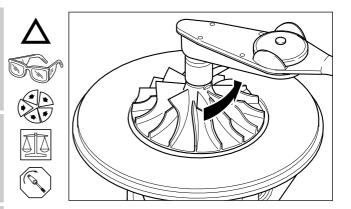
Caution Δ

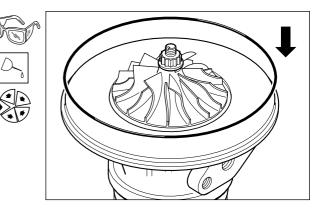
Both 6 and 12 point nuts have been used on this range of turbochargers. Ensure correct tightening torque specified in *Service Data Sheet* is used.

Note

Left hand thread.

Lubricate o-ring seal (41) (where fitted)with clean engine oil and install into retaining groove





V-band Option

Place turbine housing (5) on a clean surface. Place v-band clamp loosely into position on the turbine housing. Carefully slide CHRA (2) assembly into the turbine housing.

Caution Δ

The turbine wheel blades can be easily damaged when the CHRA is installed.

M6 x 1 (10mm)

Place v-band clamp, turbine (28) in position and torque tighten new locknut v-band (62) * to value specified in *Service Data Sheet*.

Ensure rotor assembly freely rotates.

Warning

Always wear safety glasses during assembly process.

Note

There are T-bolt and Hex-bolt versions of v-band clamp but thread detail is common.

Caution Δ

Ensure locknut, v-band clamp is clean and oil free before torque tightening.

Clamp Plate Option

M8 x 1.25 (13 mm)

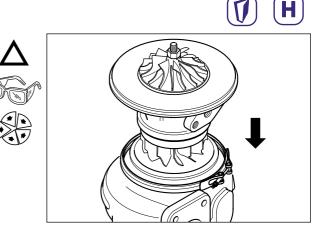
Secure turbine housing flange in vice.

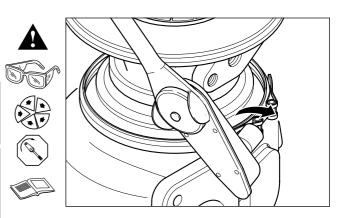
Locate the C.H.R.A. into the turbine housing (5).

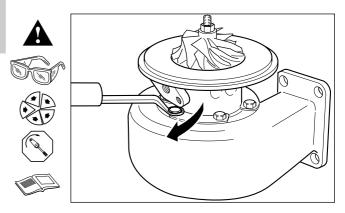
Install the clamp plates (88) and tighten the six bolts (57) to the torque value specified in **Service Data Sheet**.

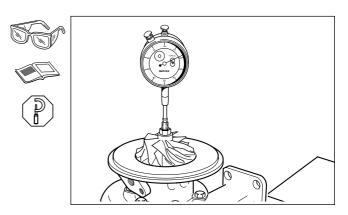
Depending on housing orientation, some clamp plate bolts may have restricted access. In these cases, use a suitable torque wrench adapter attached to a specially calibrated torque wrench.

Check thrust clearance using a dial gauge. Ensure clearance is within MIN/MAX values shown on *Service Data Sheet*.



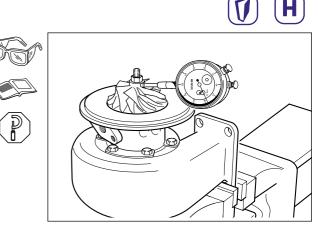






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Check compressor end radial movement using a dial gauge. Ensure clearance lies within MIN/MAX TIR (Total Indicator Reading) values shown on *Service Data Sheet*.



Fit new o-ring seal, compressor housing (where fitted). Carefully slide the compressor housing on to the CHRA assembly. Use alignment marks to orientate assembly and locate compressor housing on to roll pin (where fitted).

Caution Δ

The compressor wheel blades can be easily damaged when the CHRA is installed.

Caution

Be careful not to bend the roll pin during assembly.

Locate compressor cover retaining ring (91) over CHRA. Using circlip pliers, part no. 3575186, fit the retaining ring.

Warning

Always wear safety glasses when refitting retaining rings.

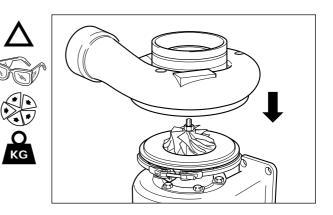
Caution Δ

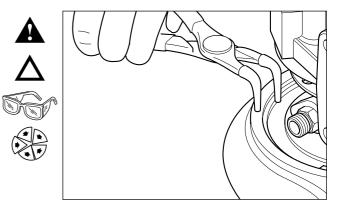
The retaining ring must be fitted with the chamfered face upwards away from the compressor housing.

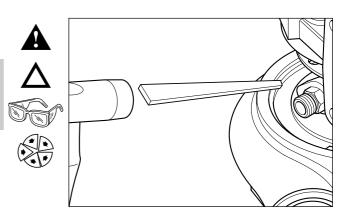
Using a soft hammer and drift, ensure retaining ring is properly located.

Caution \triangle

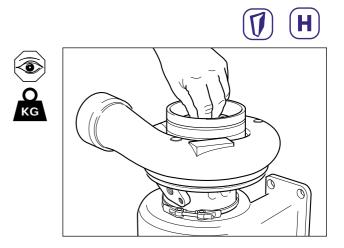
Ensure that drift does not damage bearing housing during this operation.







Ensure rotor assembly freely rotates.





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